

Zhasela Community Forest (Tshering Yangzom)

# Zhasela Community Forest Management Group (CFMG) (ภูฏาน)

Zhasela Drongdhey Nagtshel Zinchong Detshen (ल'पक्रे'आ'र्चेर'घ्रे'तयाश्र'क्र्याप्ट्रेंत्य क्रेंर'घ्रे'क्र्या)

## ด⊡าอธิบาย

The Zhasela Community Forest (CF) in Lhuentse covers an area of approximately 208 acres (83 ha). The Zhasela CF Management Group (CFMG), consisting of members of 15 households, has been formed for sustainable utilization and management of forest resources, protection of water sources, and income generation through the sale of sustainable forest products to reduce poverty.

Zhasela Community Forest (CF) covers an area of approximately 208 acres (83 ha). The community forest name "Zhasela" is derived from the local deity of the forest, Zhasela. The CF is a cool broadleaf forest. The dominant tree species found are the species of the genera Michelia, Persia, Symplocos, Betula, and Cinnamomum. The CF is looked after by the Community Forest Management Group (CFMG) consisting of members of 15 households. The operation of the CFMG is guided by the Community Forest Management Plan (CFMP). The first period of Zhasela CF management was between 2004 and 2014. The CF coverage was around 84 acres (33 ha) with 13 CFMG households. At the end of the first planning period, the CF management was retained and the CFMP revised for the next 10 years. The revised plan period was completed in 2017 with the addition of almost 124 acres (50 ha) resulting in a total 208 acres (83 ha). The CFMG members increased from 13 to 15 households. The CFMG carries out the activities highlighted in the CFMP.

The main objectives of the approach are sustainable utilization and management of forest resources, protection of water sources, and income generation through the sale of sustainable forest products to reduce poverty. Apart from the CFMG members, the stakeholders involved in the approach are the territorial division office, Gewog Forestry Extension Officer (GFEO), and CFMG members. The territorial division office's roles include training CFMG on a need's basis; providing technical inputs while implementing the CFMP; monitoring and providing feedback on CFMP implementation; providing market information and supporting marketing; providing support for amendment and revision of CFMP; verifying CFMG's records annually; translating CFMP to a Dzongkha version; coordinating study tours; and disseminating or advertising information related to CF or CFMG.

What the CFMG members like about this approach is that it protects water sources, provides access to forest resources such as timber, fuel wood, and non-timber forest products (NTFPs) such as fodder, fencing/flag poles, and leaf litter. The approach also helps to resolve conflicts regarding access to forest resources, conserves the local forest, reduces erosion and landslides, and thus aids in habitat protection and biodiversity conservation. In terms of the community, the approach also helps provide loans to members from the CF fund lending scheme with minimal interest. The other advantages of this approach include diversifying income sources by reducing dependency on a single source of income like livestock farming or crop production, strengthening social cohesion by empowering local communities to manage their resources, and improving living standards and reducing poverty in rural communities.

#### สถานที่⊡



**สถานที่:** Bragong village, Jalang chiwog, Minjey gewog, Lhuentse Dzongkhag, ภูฏาน

ตำแหน่งทางภูมิศาสตร์ของสถานที่ที่ถูกเลือ • 91.23899, 27.5791

**วันที่ริเริ่ม:** 2004

# **ปีที่สิ้นสุด:** n.a.

- ประเภทของแนวทาง
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     ชาวาน ครุงงานหรือ ผนงาน ปานฐาน



# Zhasela Community Forest Management Group (Tshering Yangzom)

# 🛛 นวทางการด⊡า นินการ ละบรรยากาศการพัฒนาที่ 🗆 อืืออ⊡านวย

## เป้าหมายหรือวัตถุประสงค์หลักของแนวทาง

The main objectives of the approach are sustainable utilization and management of forest resources, protection of water sources, and income generation through the sale of excess forest products to reduce poverty.

# เงื่อนไขที่เอื้ออำนวยต่อการนำเอาเทคโนโลยีภายใต้แนวทางนี้ไปปฏิบัติใช้

- การมีไว้ให้หรือการเข้าถึงแหล่งการเงินและบริการ: The CFMG has a 'CF fund lending scheme' where the money generated from selling CF resources such as surplus timber and wood products is lent to CFMG members at a minimal interest. Sometimes interest-free loans are provided to bereaved families and families bearing medical expenses due to sickness. The scheme provides relatively easy and cheap local access to cash for group members. During the first plan period of Zhasela CF management, CFMG generated more than Nu 320,000 from the sale of surplus timber and finished products. Nu 299, 600 was divided among the group members and each member received Nu 23.000.
- การจัดตั้งระดับองค์กร: The CFMG has helped the members improve their livelihoods and reduce poverty. The CFMG generate income through the sale of forest resources to contractors, government agencies, and private individuals.
- การร่วมมือหรือการทำงานประสานกันของผู้ลงมือปฏิบัติ: There is labour-sharing in the group for activities such as the plantation of seedlings, fire line creations, and overall forest
  management thereby easing workload in the group and improving collaboration and coordination. The CFMG members also help each other out in times of need. For
  example, Mr. Tshering Dorji's house was damaged by an earthquake in September 2009. In spring 2010, the CFMG allotted four drashing (trees of at least 50 cm diameter at
  breast height) from the CF free of cost to him for the reconstruction of his house.
- ความรู้เกี่ยวกับ SLM การเข้าถึงการสนับสนุนด้านเทคนิค: Members realize the importance of the CF. They realize that the forest helps protect water sources, avoid erosions and land slides through land coverage, and increase wood production.
- ตลาด (จัดซื้อปัจจัยนำเข้า ขายผลิตภัณฑ์) และราคา: There is a good market for the sale of surplus timber from the CF. Timber is sold in the form of logs, planks, and finished products like altar. The CFMG has been able to earn a substantial amount from the sale of timber to contractors, government agencies, and private individuals.
- ปริมาณงานที่ทำได้ กำลังคนที่มีให้: There is labour-sharing in the group thereby easing workload in the group.

## เงื่อนไขที่เป็นอุปสรรคต่อการนำเอาเทคโนโลยีภายใต้แนวทางนี้ไปปฏิบัติใช้

# การมีส ⊡วนร ⊡วม □ ละบทบาทของผ ูมีส ⊡วน □ ด □ □ สีย

<b>ผู้มีส่วนได้เสียที่เกี่ยวข้องในแนวทางนี้และบทบาท</b>					
ผู้มีส่วนได้เสียหรือองค์กรที่นำไปปฏิบัติใช้มีส่วนเกี่ยวข้องกับแนวทางนี้ อย่างไร	ระบุผู้มีส่วนได้ส่วนเสีย	อธิบายบทบาทของผู้มีส่วนได้ส่วนเสีย			
ผู⊡ ช⊡ที⊡ดินระดับท⊡องถิ⊡นหรือชุมชนระดับท⊡องถิ⊡น	15 CFMG members from 15 households.	The CFMG members carry out the activities highlighted in the CFMP.			
ผ ู⊡ ชี <i>ี</i> ยวช£ <b>เญ</b> หรือที⊡บรึกษาการ⊡ กษตร	GFEO	The GFEO monitors the activities implemented by the CFMG and provides necessary assistance in any field that the CF members require.			
รัฐบาล⊡ ห⊡งช†(ฒิๅูวาง⊡ ฒนูท⊡าการตัดสิน)⊡ จ	Territorial division office	The territorial division office's roles include training CFMG on a need base, providing technical inputs while implementing the Community Forest Management Plan (CFMP), monitoring and providing feedback on CFMP implementation, providing market information and supporting marketing, providing support for amendment and revision of CFMP, verifying CFMG's records annually, translating CFMP to Dzongkha version, coordinating study tours, and disseminating or advertising information related to CF or CFMG.			



แผนผัง



Figure 1. Flow chart showing the conception of Zhasela CF

### การตัดสินใจในการเลือกใช้เทคโนโลยี SLM

การตัดสิน□ จถูกท□า□ ดย

- ผ ู \_ ช \_ พี่ \_ ดิน \_ พีย (ผริ \_ รีมพด \_ วยตั ) \_ อง ผ ู \_ ช \_ ที \_ ดิน \_ ป \_ นผ \_ ตัดสินดยอทส์สนับสนุนจากผ \_ \_ ช \_ ยวรับ/ฟมู ผ \_ ลงมือปฏิบัติที \_ \_ กี \_ ยวข \_ องทั \_ งหมด \_ นฐานะที \_ \_ ป \_ นส \_ วนรวมของ \_ นวทาง
- ผู่ ชื่⊇ขชรไญ่ เป็นผู้ดัดสิน ซีหลักดา้ม ห∟ค⊡ปรึกษากับผู่ ชื่ที่เดิน ผู่ ชื่⊇ขชรไญ่ เพียงผู่ ดียว
- นักการ | มืองหรือผ ||น||
- Z Land users (CFMG members) and GFEO

# การตัดสิน□ จถูกตัดสินอย ูบนพื⊡นฐานของ

2002: Idea proposition from Gewog Forestry Extension Officer (GFED) and land users of Bragong village for Community Forest (CF).

- การประเ มินความ \$LM ที่ ด ด ที่ าการบันทึก0 ว00 (สาเรอยชายณีอมูล0 นการตัดสิน0 จ สิเงที ด นพบจากงานวิจัย ประสบการณ00 ละความคิด0 ห นส.((วันตัว0 ด โลงบันที่ทึก0 ว0
- 1
- The people of Bragong village had observed a gradual depletion of forest resources near their village. Forest resources such as timber, firewood, fencing/flag poles, fodder, and other forest products had become scarce. So, the community came forward with the proposal to establish a CF. Furthermore, the GFEO had been emphasizing CF's importance to the villagers multiple times. This eventually led to the formation of the CF.

#### ี่ การสนับสนุนด⊡าน⊡ ทค**นิต**รสร⊡างขีดความสามารถิ⊟ละการจัดการด⊡านความร⊒

# กิจกรรมหรือการบริการต่อจากนี้เป็นส่วนหนึ่งของแนวทาง

- การสร⊡างขีดความสามารส การอบรม 1
- 1
- การบริการ⊡ ห⊡ค⊡่ นะน⊡่า การ⊡ สริมความ⊡ ข⊡ง⊡ กร⊡ง⊡ ห⊏(ภับสะพัฒนันาองค⊡ก)ร 1 การติดตามตรวจสอบ⊡ ละประ⊡มินผล่
- 1 การวิจัย

# การสร้างสมรรถภาพหรือการอบรม

# การจัดอบรมถูกจัดขึ้นสำหรับผู้มีส่วนได้ส่วน เสียต่อไปนี้ 🔽 ผ 🔋 🛛 ช 🛛 ที 🗆 ดิน

• อ⊡าหน⊡าที⊡ภาคสหที⊠ปรึกษา

รูปแบบของการอบรม ก⊡าลังด⊡า⊟ นินการ

□ กษตรกรกับ□ กษตรกร ช⊡พื⊡นที⊡ท⊡าการสาธิต 1 จัดการประชุมสูสาธารณชน 🗾 จัดคอร⊡ส

# หัวข้อที่อบรบ

Accounting and record keeping Forest management Nursey management Leadership skills Power chain operation

# การบริการให้คำแนะนำ

การให้คำแนะนำถูกจัดขึ้น ป ยี ยมชม
 ที ศูนย ถาวร □ ป□ ยี□ยมชมสถานที่□

Land users have access to advisory services from the GFEO. The GFEO provides necessary assistance in any field that the CF members require and also advises the CFMG on the implementation of CFMP, the latest policies and amendments of the rule.

องค์กรถูกทำให้แข็งแกร่งขึ้นหรือจัดตั้งขึ้น			
	ตามระดับต่อไปนี้	อธิบายถึงสถาบัน บทบาทและความรับผิดชอบ สมาชิก เป็นต่	
ม	ท⊡องถิ⊡น ภูมิภาค	Land users have benefitted a lot from the CF, the water s erosions and landslides are prevented, and there is sust.	
🗆 ฃโวนกลาง	ประ⊡ทศ	management of forest resources. Also, land users are ab	
🔽 🗆 ซยิบางมาก		the sale of surplus forest products especially timber. Dur	
		Zhasela CF management, CFMG generated more than Nu surplus timber and finished products. Nu 299, 600 was d	
		members and each member received Nu 23,000.	
ประเภทของการให้ความช่วยเหลือสนับสนุน ด⊡านการ⊡งิน		รายละเอียดเพิ่มเติม	
🔽 การสร 🗆 างขีดความสามารส การอบรม			
อุปกรณ⊡			
necessary records are maintained by the no	minated executive committee members (cha	evaluation. The monitoring of CF activities is done by all Cl irperson, secretary, treasurer) of CFMG. The executive mer langer monitor the activities implemented by CFMG.	
ี่ การสนับสนุนด⊡านการ⊡ งิน⊡ ละ	ะวัสดุอุปกรณ 🗆		
งบประมาณประจำปีสำหรับองค์ประกอบ SLM		การบริการหรือแรงจูงใจต่อจากนี้ได้ถูกจัดให้สำหรับผู้ใช้ที่ดิน	
	There is no set annual budget for the SLM component of the approach but wherever	การสนับสนุนด นการ 3ันัสดุอุปกรณ 1 ห. ก. ผ. 1 ห.	ช⊡ที⊡ดิน
10,000-100,000	necessary the land users use the CFMG	ุ ดรดิต □ รงจูง□ จหรือ□ ครี□องมืออื่⊇น	
> 1,000,000	fund and sometimes get financial and material support from the government.		
Precise annual budget: n.a.			5 5 C C C C
การสนับสนุนด้านการเงินและวัสดุอุปกรณ์ให้	แก่ผู้ใช้ที่ดิน		. ตะรับการช∈าย เหลือหางการ อ.ช่วยการสะเวน อ.นบบ. ตน อ.นบบ. ตน
The CFMG received Nu.100,000 to carry out	some of the activities reflected in the CFMP,	four rolls of barbed wire, and some tree seedlings.	и и и и и и и и и
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The CFMG received Nu.100,000 from the gov tree seedlings.	vernment to carry out some of the activities	reflected in the CFMP, four rolls of barbed wire, and some	×
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CF management has improved participation highlighted in the CFMP. There is labour-sha forest management thereby easing workload communities to manage their resources coll	among the member households. The CFMG I iring in the group for activities such as the pl d in the group and improving collaboration a lectively. The CFMG members also help each	nembers work together and carry out the activities antation of seedlings, fire line creations, and overall nd coordination. The CF has helped empower local other out in times of need. For example, Mr. Tshering	
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CF management has improved participation highlighted in the CFMP. There is labour-sha forest management thereby easing workload communities to manage their resources coll Dorji's house was damaged by an earthquak diameter at breast height) from the CF free between members and the government. Bot due to CF, they have access to forest resour also protected and risks of erosions and lan forest is sustainably being managed by the u together with the officials giving technical a management field work. The CF has facilitat ช่วย unnsตัดสิน ๑ ดยดูจากหลักฐานหรืะ During the first plan period of Zhasela CF ma 20 numbers of cham (trees of 30-50 cm dbh and 4 numbers of dangchung (trees of 10-20 timber and finished products (altars). The gr 600 was divided among the group members 2 acres of barren land were planted and ma cleared for enhancement of regeneration ar were minimized. The members got access to and continue CFMP for another 10 years (20 ช่วย พ.ศ. ช้าติดินนาา อิณฑศม พยา The management of CF by the CFMG has hel resources. ปรับปรุงความร <sub>ู</sub> ละความสามารถชองผ ู ช่ว CF has helped land users protect water sour	among the member households. The CFMG i iring in the group for activities such as the pl d in the group and improving collaboration an lectively. The CFMG members also help each is in September 2009. In spring 2010, the CFI of cost to him for the reconstruction of his hi th land users and government officials like GI ces such as timber, fuel wood, fencing/flag p dslides have been minimized. All of these m members guided by CFMP thereby making the dvice and conducting periodic monitoring an ed collaboration between different stakehol in an anagement, CFMG utilized 147 drashing (tree which are used for beams), 3 numbers of tsi cm dbh which are used for small poles). The roup generated more than Nu 320,000 from t and each member received Nu 23,000. Som- intained, a tree nursery was established, an d growth of retained trees. The water source on many forest resources. The members reaper 17-2027). All the positive aspects of the CF e alfaะบารุงรักษาศภาพ ว ด หรือ ม ped land users protect water sources, minim rces and sustainably use forest resources. In a act menute such as timber, fuel wood, intained, a tree out as the sources, minim	nembers work together and carry out the activities antation of seedlings, fire line creations, and overall nd coordination. The CF has helped empower local other out in times of need. For example, Mr. Tshering MG allotted four drashing (trees of at least 50 cm buse. CFMG has improved stakeholder participation FEO have benefitted through the CF. As for the members, oles, NWFPs, and free grazing. Their water sources are obtivate them to manage the forest. As for the GFEO, the eir work easier. The members and the GFEO are working d the members carrying out various sustainable forest ders. s of at least 50 cm dbh which is used for sawn timber), m (trees of 20-30 cm dbh which are used for large poles), group also generated income through the sale of surplus he sale of surplus timber and finished products. Nu 299, e of the activities carried out in the first plan period were d approximately 5 acres of unwanted bushes were es were protected and risks of erosions and landslides ed a lot of benefits from the CF and this made them revise nable evidence-based decision-making.	

ปรับปรุงประ⊡ ด_นของการถือครองที่∟ดินหรือสิทธิ⊡ นกซีร≣งซัญขวางการน─า □ ทค □ น □ ลยี่ □ ป □ ช □ □ ห ∟ดีขึ่ น 🗸 🗸 Constant of the second s					
น⊡า ปส ูความมั⊇นคงด ⊇านอาหารหรือปรับปรุงภชนาการ The CF has helped land users have access to forest resour opportunity to generate income. Also, CFMG provides loans	ces such as timber, fuel wood	fencing/flag poles, and NWFPs and	provided an		
นาย ปสยูการยายาถึงยารียองนอกยาย ละสุขาภิบาลยาดดีขึ้น The CF has helped protect the water sources.	นหรือ⊡ ม⊡				
น า ปส ู อกาส นการจรัทษอาณ หรือ ม he land users generate income by selling forest products	as they have access to forest	resources.			
<ul> <li>แรงจูงใจหลักของผู้ใช้ที่ดินเพื่อที่จะนำ SLM ไปปฏิบัติใช้</li> <li>การผลิตที่ พิมชีน</li> <li>กำ (สวามสามารถ) อัตราส วนด า ชิง ายต อผลประ</li> <li>การ สื่อมของที่ดินต้อลดลง</li> <li>ความ สียงของภัยพิบัติลดลง</li> <li>ภารงานลดลง</li> <li>การงาน สียงของภัยพิบัติลดลง</li> <li>ภารงานลดลง</li> <li>การงาน อินหรือการช 20 หลือ</li> <li>กฎ ละระบับชุฒาปริมหรือการบังดับ ชีอ</li> <li>ถึยรติภูมิ รงกดดันทางสังด มอาม ชีอ ม นานทางสังด</li> <li>การ ขาร วมสมทบ นขบวนกครงการถ ม ครือขาย</li> <li>จิตส นึก คานสี 20 วคลอม</li> <li>ประพ ณี ละความ ศีติธธรม</li> <li>ความร อุละความ ศีติธธรม</li> <li>ความรอง ละทักริษไท้ พิมพูนชีน</li> <li>การปรับปรุงดานสุทรียภาพ</li> <li>การบรร ทาด านความขัด ยาง</li> </ul>		สนับสนุนจากภายนอก)? □ ม□ ✓ 0 ช□ □ ม□ น□ จ	ງ หต⊡ปฏิบัติ ช ดย นวทางนี่ ยังเย็นดยดามรีฆ์ภาษา ensures regeneration and replenishment of		
บทสรุปหรือบท⊡ รียนที⊡⊡ ด⊡รับ					
<ul> <li>จุดแข็ง: มุมมองของผู้ใช้ที่ดิน</li> <li>Protection of water sources.</li> <li>Access to forest resources such as timber, fuel wood, fencing/flag poles, fodder, leaf litter, and NWFPs.</li> <li>Conflict mitigation due to clarity on access to forest resources.</li> <li>Access to loans from the CF fund lending scheme with minimal interest.</li> <li>Conservation of local forest.</li> <li>Reduce erosion and landslides in the area.</li> <li>Habitat protection and biodiversity conservation.</li> <li>จุดแข็ง: ทัศนคติของผู้รวบรวมหรือวิทยากรคนอื่นๆ</li> <li>Diversify income sources by reducing dependency on a single source of income like livestock farming or crop production.</li> <li>Improve living standards and reduce poverty in rural communities.</li> <li>Sustainable utilization and management of forest resources.</li> <li>Strengthen social cohesion by empowering local communities to manage their resources collectively.</li> <li>Facilitate collaboration among different stakeholders.</li> </ul>		จุดด้อย/ข้อเสีย/ความเสี่ยง: มุมมองของผู้ใช้ที่ดินแก้ไขปัญหาได้อย่างไร จุดด้อย/ข้อเสีย/ความเสี่ยง: ทัศนคติของผู้รวบรวมหรือวิทยากรคนอื่นๆแก้ไขปัญหาได้ อย่างไร • Farmers are not able to sell NWFPs due to a lack of markets in the vicinity. Since one of the roles and responsibilities of the territorial division office is to provide market information and support marketing (as highlighted in CFMP), it should come up with ways to link land users and markets in Lhuentse.			
การอ⊡างอิง					
<b>ផ្ទ័ករបទរារ</b> Tshering Yangzom	<b>Editors</b> Tashi Wangdi		<b>ราจสอบ</b> liam Critchley na Mekdaschi Studer na Eichenberger		
<b>วันที่จัดทำเอกสาร</b> : 21 สิงหาคม 2023		<b>การอัพเดทล่าสุด</b> : 30 พฤษภาคม 202	24		
<b>วิทยากร</b> Palden Dorji - ผ ู ฺ ช ฺที ฺดิน Tshewang Rinzin - ผ ู ช ฺที ฺดิน Yangchenmo - ผ ู ฺ ช ฺที ฺดิน Sonam Norbu - ผ ู ช ฺที ฺดิน					

คำอธิบายฉบับเต็มในฐานข้อมูล WOCAT

# https://qcat.wocat.net/th/wocat/approaches/view/approaches\_6892/

ข้อมูล SLM ที่ถูกอ้างอิง

# n.a.

# การจัดทำเอกสารถูกทำโดย

Kinga Yonten - ผ\_ู่่ ช⊡ที⊡ดิน

องค⊡กร

- National Soil Services Center, Department of Agric (National Soil Services Center, Department of Agric) ภูฏาน 🗆 ครงการ
- Strengthening national-level institutional and professional capacities of country Parties towards enhanced UNCCD monitoring and reporting GEF 7 EA Umbrella II (GEF 7 UNCCD Enabling Activities\_Umbrella II)

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# ลิงก์ข้อมูลที่เกี่ยวข้องที่มีอยู่ในออนไลน์

Phuntsho, S., Schmidt, K., Kuyakanon, R., & Temphel, K. J. (n.d.). Community Forestry in Bhutan: Putting People at the Heart of Poverty Reduction.: http://uwice.gov.bt/admin\_uwice/publications/publication\_files/Reports/2011/UWICER-CFIB.pdf#page=27

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